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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
9 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT TACOMA

10 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

11 Plaintiff,

12 v.

13 STEVEN B. SMITH and BRADLEY  
14 ALEXANDER GEORGE GARNER,

15 Defendants.

CASE NO. CR09-5088BHS

ORDER GRANTING IN PART  
AND DENYING IN PART  
DEFENDANT SMITH'S  
MOTION TO SUPPRESS  
STATEMENTS MADE IN  
VIOLATION OF FIFTH  
AMENDMENT RIGHT TO  
COUNSEL

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18 This matter comes before the Court on Defendant Smith's Motion to Suppress  
19 Statements Made in Violation of Fifth Amendment Right to Counsel (Dkt. 50). The Court  
20 has considered the pleadings filed in support of and in opposition to the motion, heard the  
21 testimony of witnesses and oral arguments of counsel, considered the remainder of the  
22 file, and hereby grants in part and denies in part the motion for the reasons stated herein.

23 **I. FACTUAL AND PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND**

24 On November 17, 2008, Plaintiff United States of America filed a criminal  
25 complaint against Defendants Steven B. Smith and Bradley Alexander George Garner  
26 alleging violations of Sections 1343, 1346, and 1349 of U.S.C. Title 18. Dkt. 1. On  
27 March 19, 2009, Defendants were charged in a four-count Superseding Indictment with  
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1 wire fraud and theft of honest services in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1343 and 1346, mail  
2 fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1341, and unlawful monetary transaction in violation of  
3 18 U.S.C. § 1957. Dkt. 36.

4 On November 19, 2008, federal agents arrested Defendant Smith at his home.  
5 After the arrest, Special Agents Steve Albino and Chris Bjornstad conducted a custodial  
6 interrogation. Before the interrogation, the agents informed Defendant Smith of his  
7 *Miranda* rights and Defendant Smith signed a written waiver of those rights. Dkt. 57-2 at  
8 4. Defendant Smith then talked to the agents for more than an hour. *See* Dkt. 57-3 (full  
9 transcript of recorded discussion (“Tr.”)). During the discussion, Defendant Smith claims  
10 that he requested an attorney on seven separate occasions. Dkt. 50 at 2. The transcript of  
11 the discussion reads, in part, as follows:

12 SMITH: . . . I think I should probably be talking to an attorney and,  
13 and, being, you know, having him talk to you guys . . . (Tr. at 15, lines  
14 232-234 (transcript pagination)).

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14 SMITH: OK. And if I decide to elect my option to have an attorney,  
15 where does that, where does that put me?

15 SA BJORNSTAD: That’s your option, if you, if you, if you’d like to  
16 have that option, then, you know, we’re not, we’re not going to have this  
17 conversation anymore. I mean, we can’t, we can’t work with you . . . (Tr.  
18 at 51, lines 1180-1186).

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18 SMITH: . . . I’m just, let me just, just say this, because, I, I think that  
19 I, it’s best that I at least chat with an attorney . . . (Tr. at 64, lines 1483-  
20 1485).

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20 SMITH: . . . I think the best option for me at this point, is to talk to  
21 an attorney. (Tr. at 74, lines 1729-1730).

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21 BJORNSTAD: You said you think you want an attorney, I’m, I’m  
22 going to ask you right now, I mean, you know, I’ve got to know, it’s a yes  
23 or no question . . .

23 SMITH: Yep. Yep. (Tr. at 75, lines 1753-1757).

24 On April 10, 2009, Defendant Smith filed a Motion to Suppress Statements Made  
25 in Violation of Fifth Amendment Right to Counsel. Dkt. 50. On April 17, 2009, Plaintiff  
26 responded. Dkt. 57

27 On April 22 and 23, 2009, the Court held an evidentiary hearing on this motion.  
28 Dkts. 64 and 70.

## II. DISCUSSION

The Fifth Amendment provides, in pertinent part, that “[n]o person shall be . . . compelled to be a witness against himself . . .” U.S. Const. amend V. Before a defendant’s self-incriminating statements may be admitted into evidence, “a heavy burden rests on the government to demonstrate that the defendant knowingly and intelligently waived his privilege against self-incrimination and his right to retained or appointed counsel.” *Miranda v. Arizona*, 384 U.S. 436, 475 (1966). Only if the “totality of the circumstances surrounding the interrogation” reveals both an uncoerced choice and the requisite level of comprehension may a court properly conclude that the *Miranda* rights have been waived. *Moran v. Burbine*, 475 U.S. 412, 421 (1986).

In this case, Defendant Smith argues that he did not voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waive his *Miranda* rights. Dkt. 50 at 5-6. Plaintiff, however, has shown that Defendant Smith knowingly and intelligently signed the written waiver of his constitutional rights. There is no evidence that Defendant Smith did not make an uncoerced choice to sign the waiver and proceed with the interrogation or that Defendant Smith did not possess a requisite level of comprehension as to his waiver. Therefore, the Court denies Defendant Smith’s motion to suppress on this issue because he voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waived his *Miranda* rights. The next question is whether he subsequently invoked his right to counsel during the interview.

The Supreme Court has held that “[i]f an individual indicates in any manner, at any time prior to or during questioning, that he wishes to remain silent, the interrogation must cease.” *Id.* at 473-474. However, an ambiguous invocation of the right to remain silent may not give rise to a *Miranda* violation. *See United States v. Rodriguez*, 518 F.3d 1072, 1077 (9th Cir. 2008). A statement may be ambiguous where it is open to more than one interpretation or reference, or has a double meaning or reference. *See Anderson v. Terhune*, 516 F.3d 781, 787 (9th Cir. 2008).

1 In this case, the federal agents obtained a written waiver from Defendant Smith of  
2 his right to counsel. Defendant Smith then proceeded to talk with the federal agents.  
3 While it is true that he used the word “attorney” at least seven times during the  
4 discussion, the first three times that he alluded to an attorney were equivocal and  
5 ambiguous. For example, he stated that he should “probably be talking to an attorney,”  
6 that he thought that “it’s best that [he] at least chat with an attorney,” and that “the best  
7 option for [him] . . . is to talk to an attorney.” *See supra*. Moreover, he even asked the  
8 agents what would happen if he elected his “option to have an attorney . . . .” *Id.* In light  
9 of these circumstances, the Court finds that Defendant Smith’s statements could have  
10 reasonably been interpreted as having more than one meaning and therefore he did not  
11 invoke his right to counsel.

12 On the other hand, when Agent Bjornstad asked Defendant Smith the “yes or no”  
13 question whether he wanted his attorney, he replied: “Yep. Yep.” *See supra*. The Court  
14 finds that this statement was an unequivocal and unambiguous invocation of his right to  
15 counsel. Therefore, the Court grants Defendant’s Smith motion to suppress on any  
16 statement that Smith made during this interview after he affirmatively replied “Yep.  
17 Yep.” (Tr. 75 at 1757).

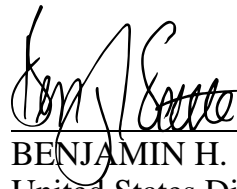
18 Finally, Defendant Smith argues that his statements were deliberately elicited. The  
19 Court disagrees because Defendant has failed to show facts that the federal agents  
20 deliberately elicited his statements. In fact, the transcript shows that Defendant Smith  
21 volunteered statements and continued talking to the agents, virtually uninterrupted,  
22 despite expressing general interest in consulting an attorney. It was not until Defendant  
23 Smith said “Yep. Yep” that he clearly and unambiguously invoked his right to an  
24 attorney. Therefore, Defendant’s motion to suppress his statements on these grounds is  
25 denied.

1 **III. ORDER**

2 Therefore, it is hereby

3 **ORDERED** that Defendant Smith's Motion to Suppress Statements Made in  
4 Violation of Fifth Amendment Right to Counsel (Dkt. 50) is **GRANTED in part** and  
5 **DENIED in part** as stated herein.

6 DATED this 27th day of April, 2009.

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10 BENJAMIN H. SETTLE  
11 United States District Judge  
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